

Wildlife Conservation in Malaysia: Role of WWF-Malaysia

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Nature underpins our societies and economies



Valued at USD125 Trillion

Source: Living Planet Report 2018



Our planet is collapsing

1°C

Temperature increase since pre-industrial time

6th

Mass extinction¹... first driven by humankind (a.k.a. the Anthropocene)

60%

Overall decline in vertebrate population sizes between 1970 and 2014

^{1.} When Earth loses 75%+ of species in geologically short interval Source: WWF Living Planet Report 2018, IPCC report, Barnosky, A. D. et al. "Has the Earth's sixth mass extinction already arrived?"

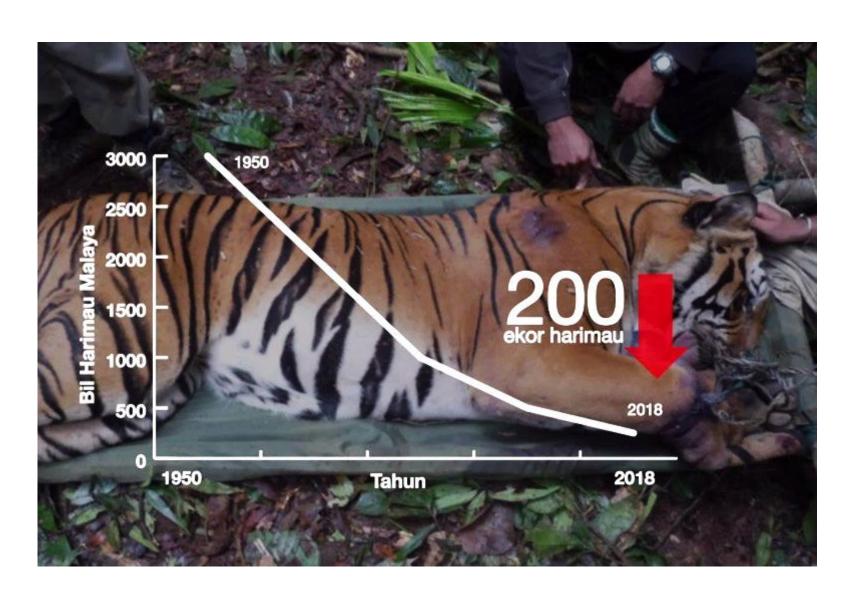


In Malaysia, we are losing our wildlife



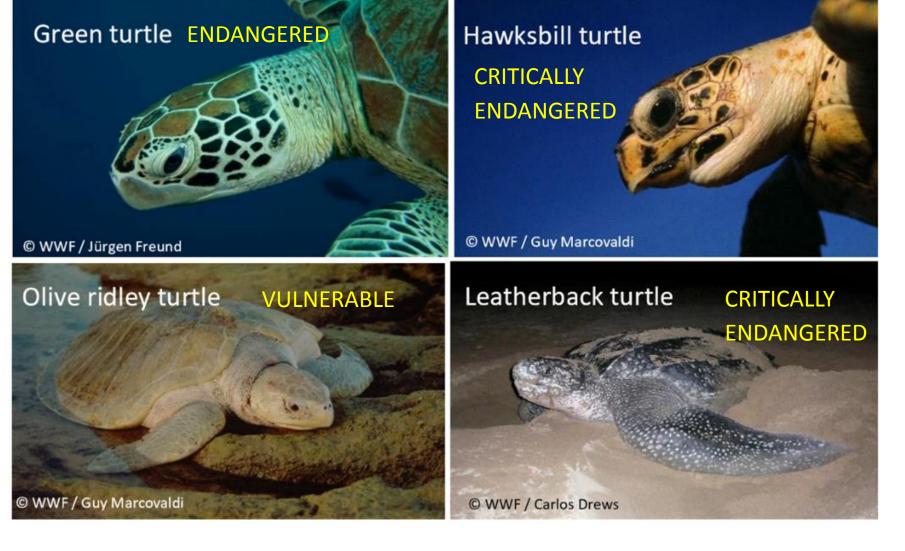
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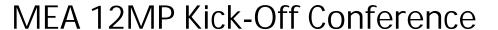
Our tigers are on the brink of Extinction





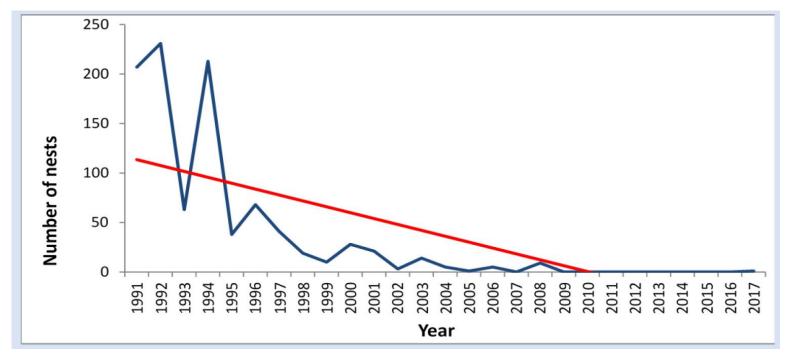
Our Turtles are endangered

With leatherback functionally extinct

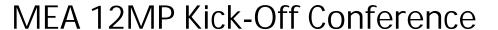




Our Turtles are endangered



With leatherback functionally extinct





Tam: 2009 - 2019



Our Sumatran Rhino is extinct

Tam, rescued by WWF, recently died

With Iman, now our last surviving rhino



Two fundamental approaches to conserving wildlife

- 1. Secure species from being poached and illegally traded
- 2. Secure the species habitats and ecosystems from being degraded and lost



1. Secure species from being poached and illegally traded

Patrol forest habitats

Gather Intelligence on International wildlife trade

Monitor hotspots



Patrol forest to remove snares and report on illegal activities







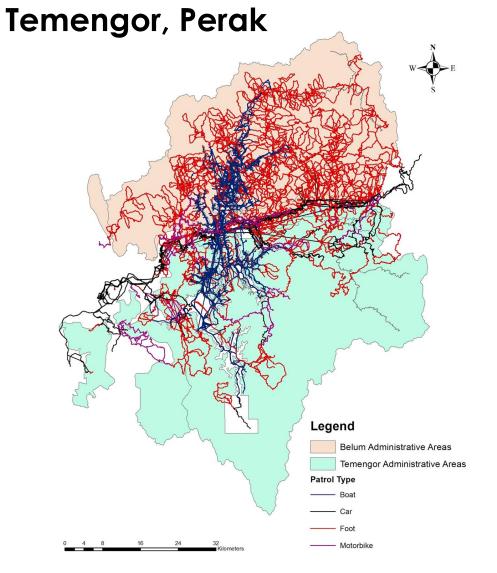




Our 2016-2018's Patrolling work in Belum-







Legend Belum Administrative Areas Temengor Administrative Areas

Patrolled 11,731 kilometres on foot

Deactivated 225 active snares

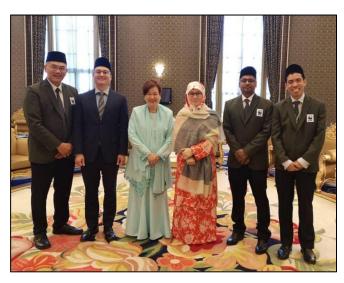


Advocate for more effective anti-Poaching and International Wildlife Crime

- Use intelligence to support Wildlife Department monitor hotspots
- Support Judiciary on strengthening Sentencing of Wildlife Crimes
- Support KATS Minister's request for 2000 army and police
- Campaign for National Tiger Task Force
- Establish Environmental Crime Unit within Police Department
- Allocate sufficient Budget for effective patrolling and Anti Wildlife Crime
- Letters to Editor to create awareness and call for action
- Pre-Conference of Rulers, 26 February 2019
- Audiences with Sultans

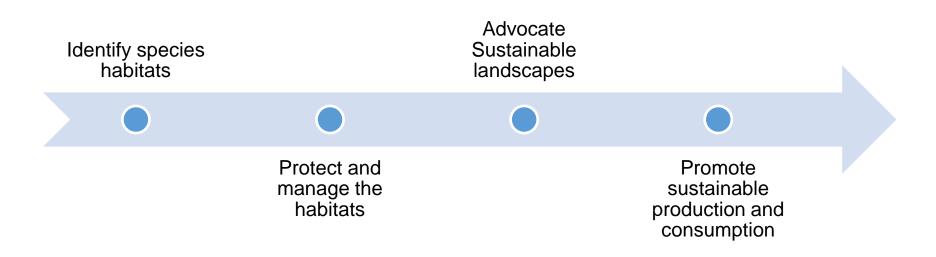








2. Secure the species habitats and ecosystems from being degraded and lost

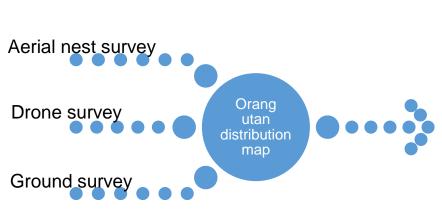




Identify Species habitat:

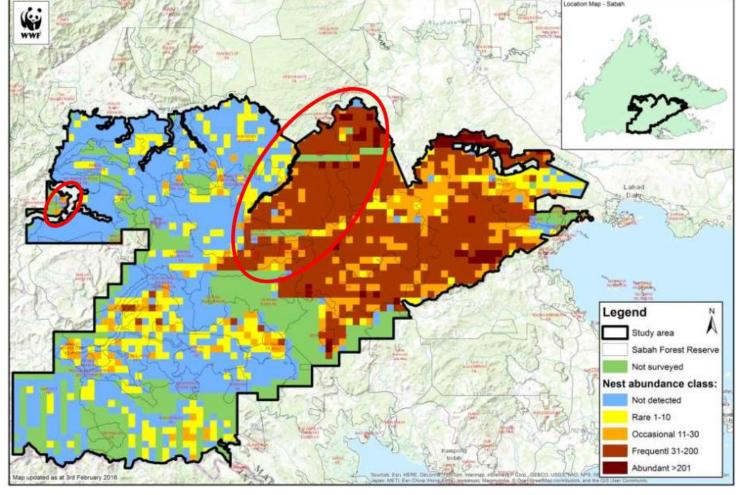
Protect and Manage the Habitats

Orang utan distribution



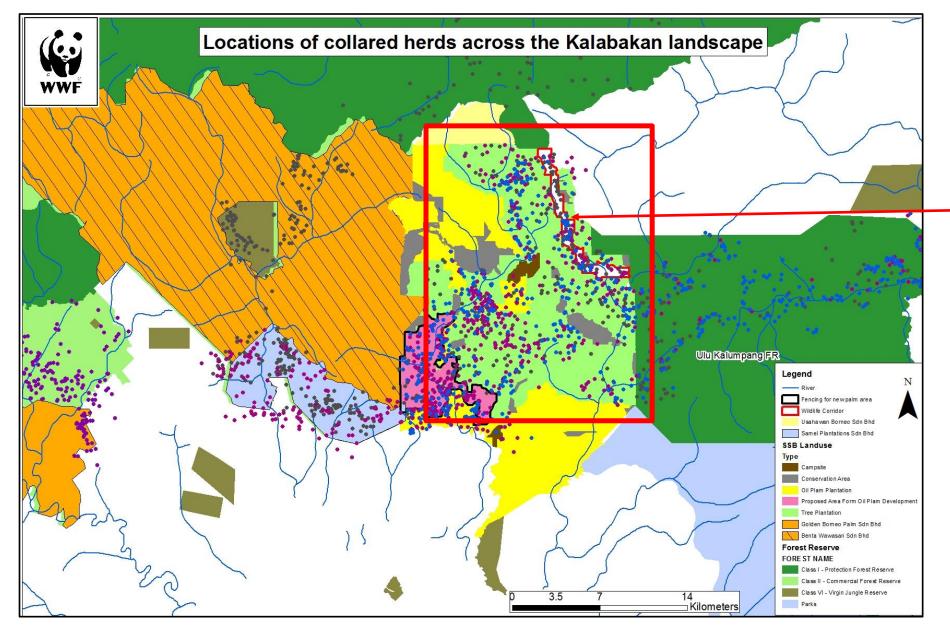
Advocate protection of orang utan habitats

Orang-utan distribution in the central forest of Sabah





MEA 12MP Kick-Off Conference Monitor Regular Movement of Elephants via Satellite



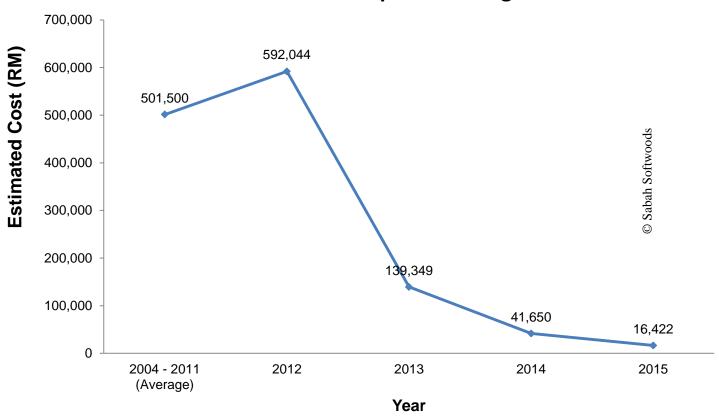
Sabah
Softwoods
setting aside
1000 ha for
Wildlife corridor
connecting two
Forest Reserves

& Adopts
Strategic Electric
Fencing



MEA 12MP Kick-Off Conference Reduction of Damage via Strategic Electric Fencing

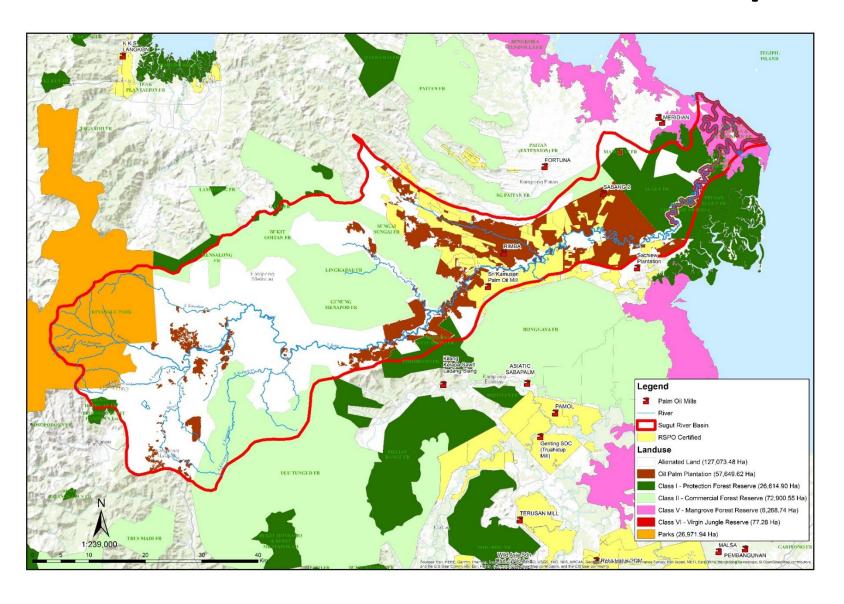
Estimated costs of palms damaged



After 2012, significant drop in damage after electric fencing only in places needed (young palms less then 3 years old)



Promote Sustainable Landscape



Sustainable Landscape provides framework for collaboration:

- Inter agencies
- Plantations big and small
- Local communities

In adopting common goals as agreed for the specific landscapes anchored on conservation needs





Promote Sustainable Production & Consumption

Sustainable Production:

- 1. Standards development for forestry and palm oil
- 2. Environmental Social Governance Safeguards (ESGs) for Sustainable Financing
- 3. Responsible procurement along the supply chain

Responsible Consumption:

1. Campaign for responsible consumption in the key markets



The Big Picture Question: Where do we go from here?

What can Malaysia's direction be?

What is the baseline?

Can Malaysia become a leader in global conservation?



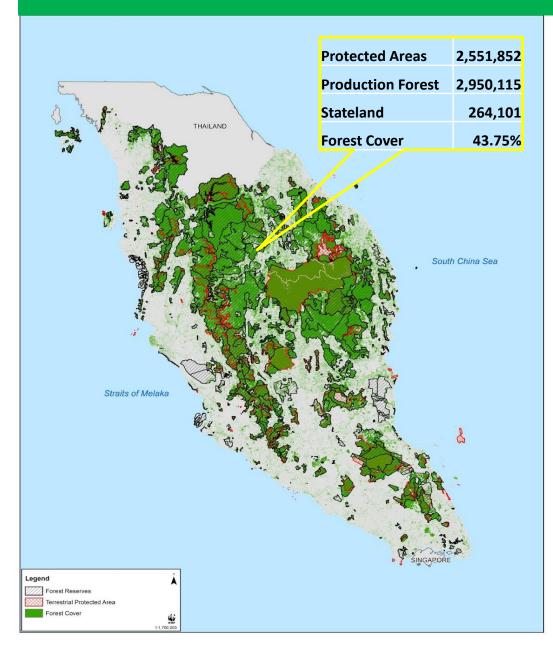
What can Malaysia's direction be?

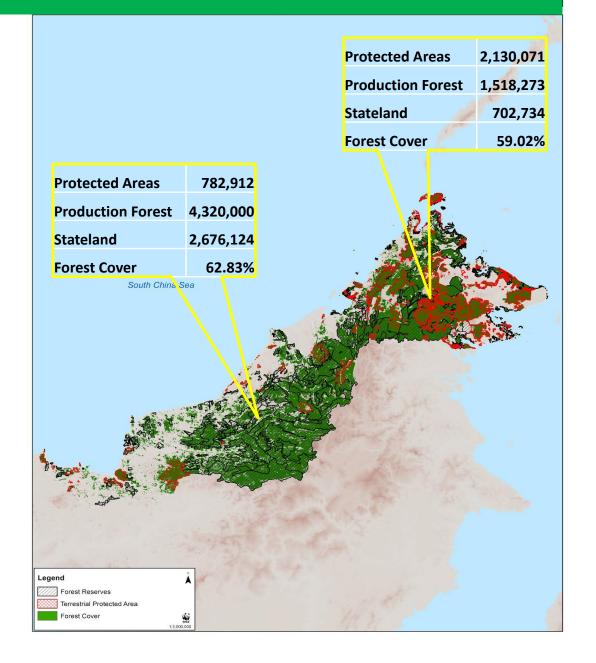


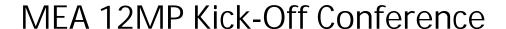
Let Nature Underpin our Society and Economy



MEA 12MP Kick-Off Conference What is Our Baseline?









Forest Cover in Malaysia by Categories

Protected Areas	Production Forest	Stateland Forests	Total Forest Cover	
(Ha)	(Ha)	(Ha)	(Ha & % over total landmass)	
5.5 mil	8.8 mil*	3.6 mil	17.9 mil	54.3%

Note: Includes 1.1 mil ha Plantation Forest, should be excluded as it has little value for conservation



Knowing our policy direction and baseline forest cover

Do we know the health our environment? What indicators to use and how do we measure them? IUCN Red List of Threatened Species? High Conservation Value ToolKit? Extent of tree canopies?

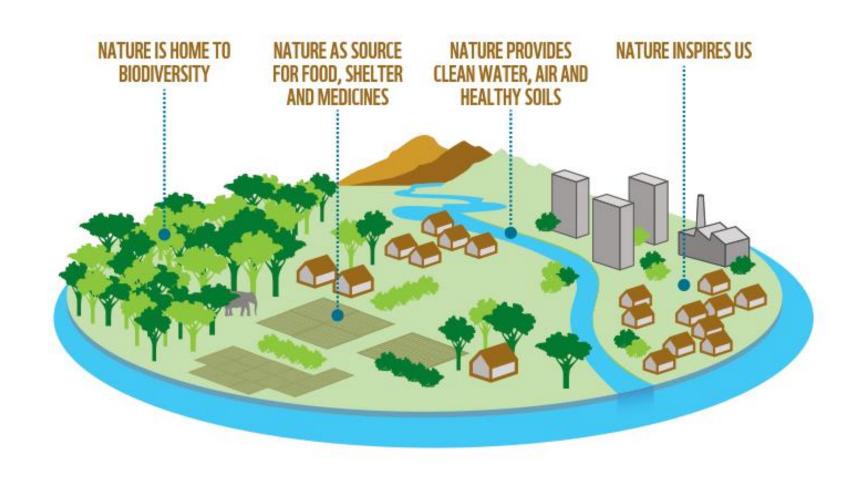
What about valuation of natural capital – biodiversity and services of nature, including marine resources such as corals and sea grass? Payment of Ecosystem Services?

How do we measure our trees, humus and top soil forming our biomass to be measured as capital for carbon credit?

Can this information generate a new economy for Malaysia based on mainstreaming natural capital?



An economy underpinned by a healthy nature





Can Malaysia become a leader in global conservation?

With more than 50% natural forest cover and 30% marine natural ecosystem protected and managed,

Malaysia can definitely be a leader, especially among ASEAN and Like-Minded Biodiverse Rich Countries



A unique opportunity to mobilize for nature and people in 2020 via an integrated approach to the climate, nature and development agendas







75th UN anniversary

an opportunity to identify

where to redouble efforts to

address global challenges

2020



Convention of Biological
Diversity CoP held in China
and Aichi targets reviewed



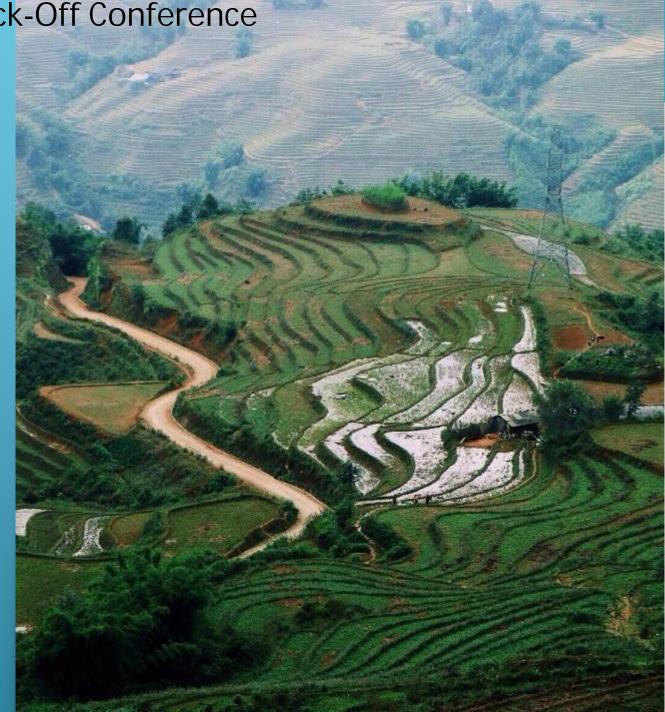
National Determined
Contributions become
operational; opportunity to
raise ambition





Journey with WWF's vision for a New Deal for Nature and People

- Reverse the loss of nature
- Protect and restore nature by 2030 for the benefit of people and the planet





What it means

By 2030

How we get there

Why

Our 2030 mission



Protect and
Restore nature by
2030 for the
benefit of People
and the Planet, in
support of the
Sustainable
Development Goals



50% of land and sea protected, restored, or sustainably managed

50% production and consumption is sustainable

Prevent

the 6th mass extinction



Food for 9Billion



Water for 9Billion



Diversity of life



Stable climate